	R BUS SYSTEM? SO DOES MTA.	That's why we've created the Bus Network Improvement Project (BNIP). BNIP is a key component of a larger effort called the Transit Modernization Program (TMP) which is a plan to modernize the entire MTA transit system throughout the state.	the core bus network.	<b>Network:</b> Transit lines do not operate independently; it's the network's job to help people reach their destination.	w there are a lot of problems with the system; this project <i>vements</i> .	<b>Project:</b> This initiative is a focused, short-term study with public and stakeholder involvement. It needs customer input to make it a success.	And the service and the servic	is and integration of the second seco
IMPRO	WANT A BETTER BUS SY	That's why we've created t component of a larger effc a plan to modernize the er	Bus: Focus is mainly on the core bus network.	<b>Network:</b> Transit lines do not people reach their destination.	<b>Improvement:</b> We know there are aims to make <i>real improvements</i> .	<b>Project:</b> This initiative is a focused, involvement. It needs customer inpu	PROJECT GOALS	<ul> <li>Improve service quality</li> <li>Maximize transit access and connectivity</li> <li>Increase network efficiency and effectiveness</li> </ul>

 Align the network with existing and projected land-use and trip patterns



# TELL US WHAT WE CAN DO TO IMPROVE TRANSIT SERVICE.

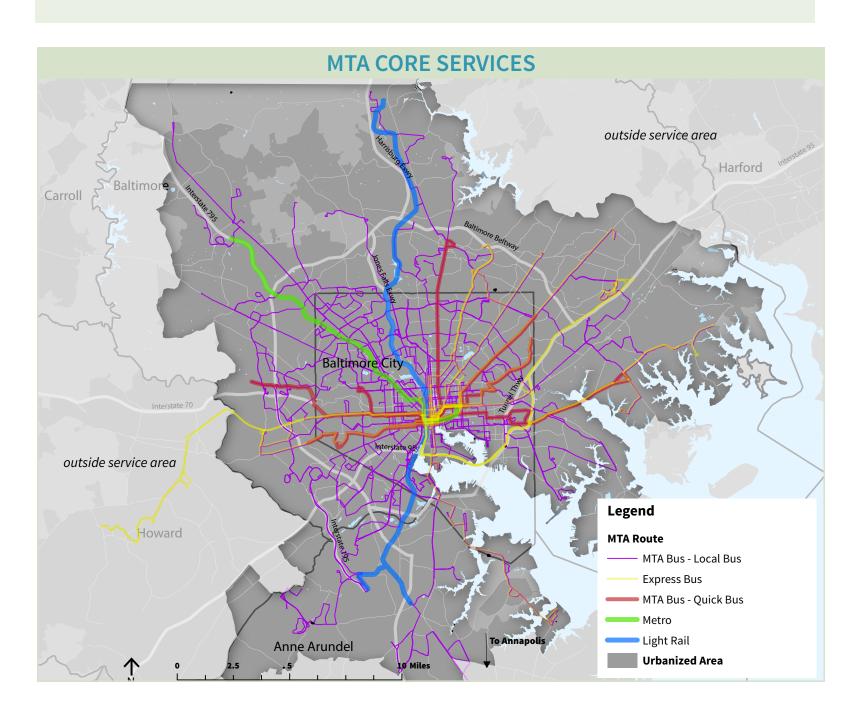
service, and we need your input to make sure that we come to the right conclusions. With your help, we're out to create a whole new level of service and satisfaction for everyone who counts on MTA buses. MTA is looking to improve its approach to planning and providing bus

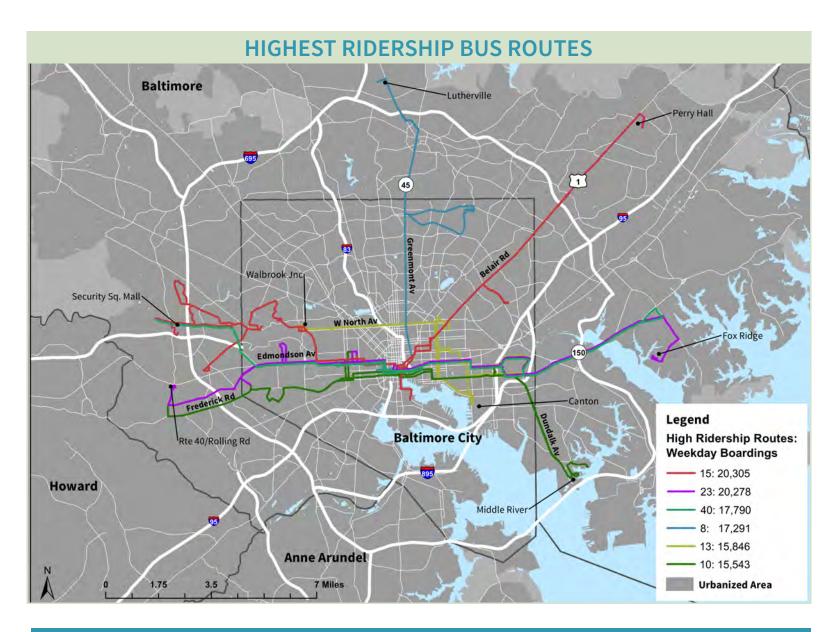
# **MTA Core Services and Productivity**



- Local Bus
- Quick Bus
- Express Bus

- Metro Subway
- Light Rail
- Mobility





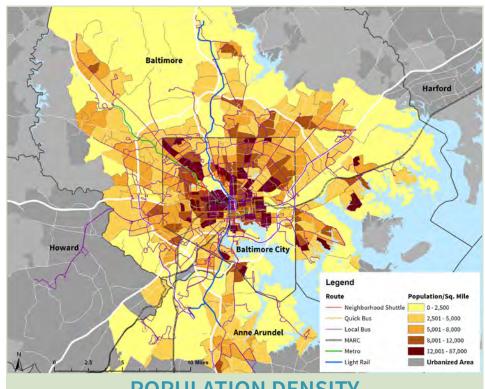
PRODUCTIVITY BY ROUTE TYPE						
Route Type	Passengers Per Mile	Passengers Per Hour				
Circulator	5.4	53.8				
Crosstown	5.7	68.7				
Express	2.2	35.1				
Feeder	3.4	50.6				
Quick Bus	5.5	72.0				
Radial	6.1	66.9				

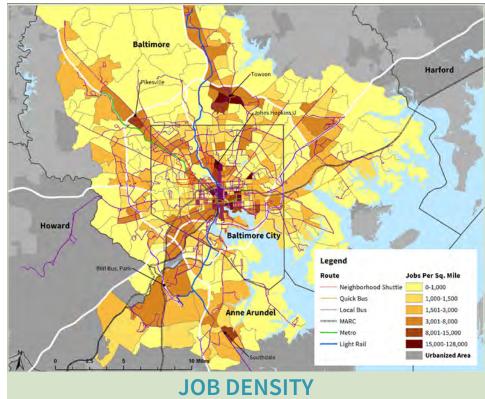
**BUS NETWORK IMPROVEMENT PROJECT** 



## **Demographic Information**

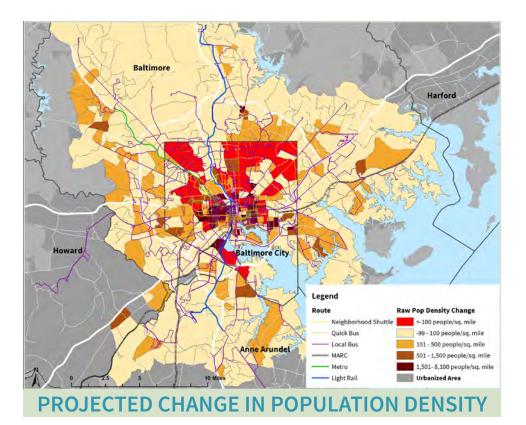


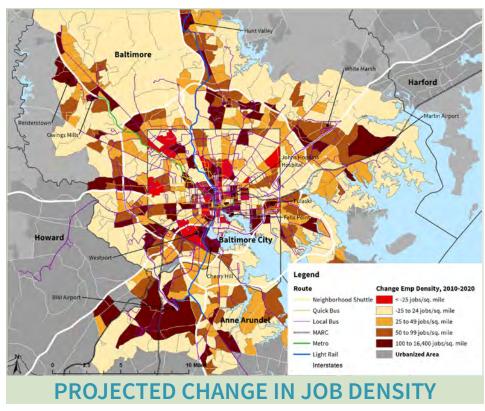




**POPULATION DENSITY** 

- Areas with high population and job density are more supportive of transit
- Higher population densities mean more people are living and working in the same place, making transit more efficient
- Higher job densities mean more people are commuting to the same place, making transit more efficient





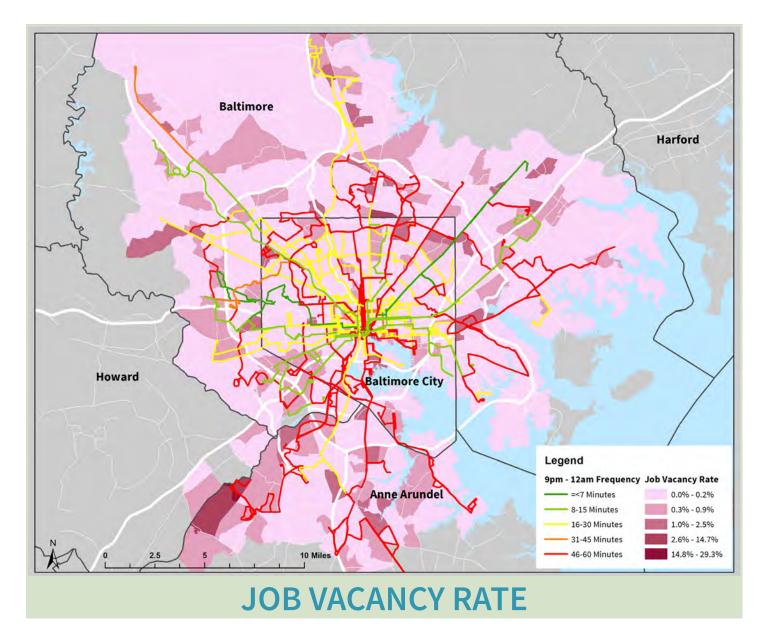
- Looking to the future is important to ensure that transit service stays viable and serves areas of future population and employment growth

**BUS NETWORK IMPROVEMENT PROJECT** 



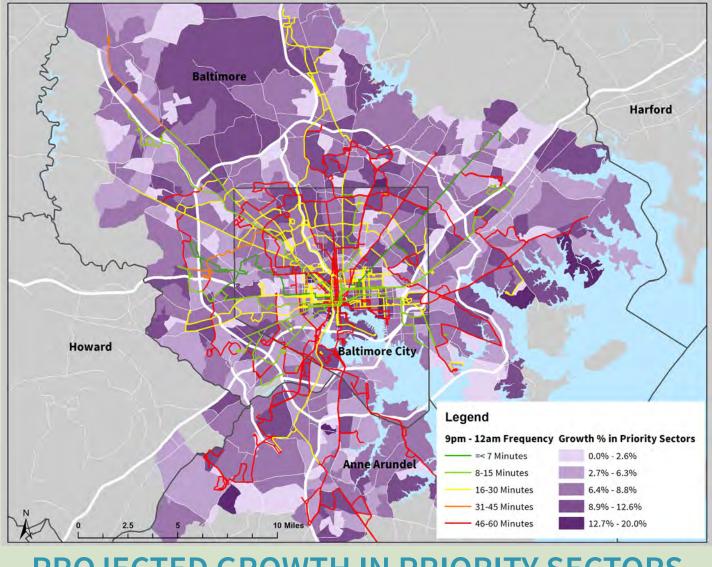
# **Transit Opportunities**

Data provided by the Opportunity Collaborative



- Current job vacancy rates in the Baltimore region are highlighted

- Late Night MTA services provide additional access to these jobs



- Transportation and Warehousing
- Baltimore region by the year 2020
- (opportunitycollaborative.org)

### BUS NETWORK **IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**

MTA

Maryland

Maryland Departmen

### **PROJECTED GROWTH IN PRIORITY SECTORS**

- Priority sectors include Business Services, Construction, Healthcare, Information Technology and the combine sectors of

- The map shows projected job growth in these sectors in the

- Priority industry sectors were identified through the work of the Opportunity Collaborative to connect people in the greater Baltimore region with the best opportunities for familysupporting wages and career advancement

# **Transit Need**

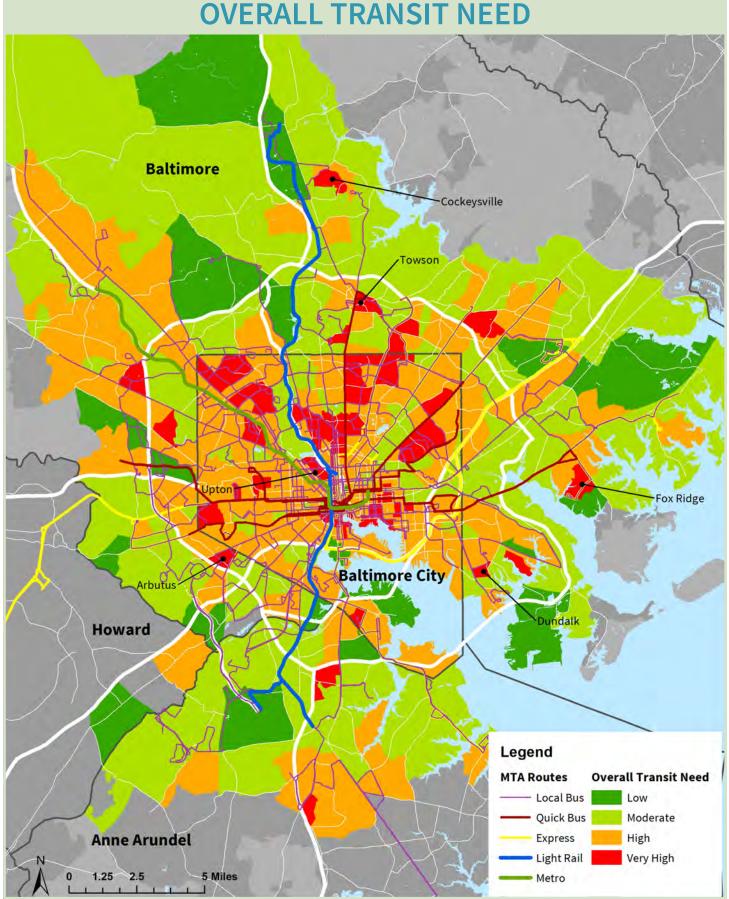


Transit need, or the propensity to use transit, is an overall measure of both the need and demand for transit in a certain area. There are many variables that go into transit propensity, including income levels, population density, age, vehicle ownership, employment and commute mode.

### **TRANSIT NEED INPUTS**

Population Households Labor Force Commute Mode Income Age Vehicle Ownership

The 7 inputs and 33 variables all feed into the calculation of **Transit Need** 



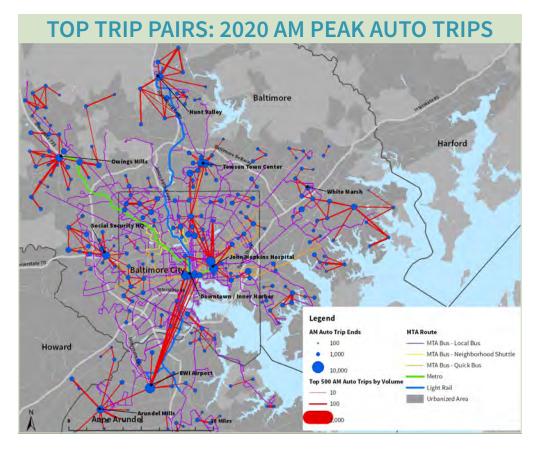
### **BUS NETWORK IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**



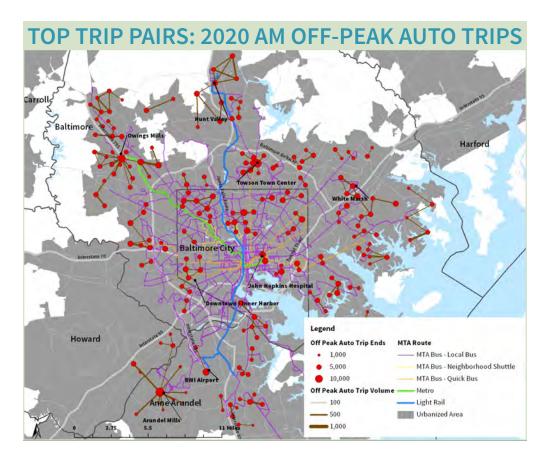
# **Future Travel Patterns**



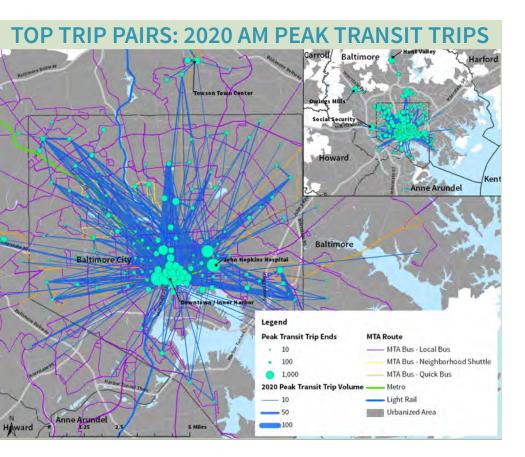
- Understanding travel patterns will allow MTA to better plan services around where people want to go.
- By studying future travel patterns, MTA can design a bus network today that meets future needs.
- The Baltimore Metropolitan Council has developed complex travel demand models that predict future travel patterns. The maps below are based on this data and show the 500 top origin-destination pairs by mode and time of day.



- Morning Peak 6:30-9:30 A.M.
- Good indicator of work trips
- High employment areas:
  - Downtown
  - The Inner Harbor
  - Johns Hopkins Hospital
  - BWI Airport
  - Arundel Mills
  - White Marsh
  - Towson
  - Owings Mills
  - Social Security Administration
  - Hunt Valley



- Midday, evening, late night, early morning
- Good indicator of:
  - Work trips with non-traditional hours
  - Shopping
  - Errands



- Morning Peak 6:30-9:30 A.M.
- Based on current transit service
- Good indicator of work trips by accessed by transit:
  - Downtown
  - The Inner Harbor
  - Johns Hopkins Hospital
  - Owings Mills
  - Social Security Administration
  - Towson
  - Hunt Valley